ETHENE C₂H₄

$$CH_2 == CH_2$$

$$H = C$$

Uses for Ethene

- Microwave polyethene film
- Plastic milk bottles
- Large wheeled rubbish bins
- Poly Vinyl Chloride
- Polystyrene & Copolymers
- Ethanol

Composition of Natural Gas

- Mostly methane (CH₄)
- <10% Ethane
- May contain smaller percentage of alkanes like propane, butane and pentane
- May contain small amounts of N₂, CO₂ & H₂S

Composition of Crude Oil

- Mainly of alkanes
- A large range of alkanes present (CH₄ C₇₀H₁₄₀ in numerous isomeric forms
- Small amounts of organic compounds containing S, N and O atoms

A Hydrocarbon

 A compound that contains CARBON and HYDROGEN atoms only

Alkanes

- Hydrocarbons with all single C C bonds
- Thus are called Saturated Hydrocarbons
- General formula C_nH_{2n+2}

An Homologous Series

- A series of organic compounds
- similar chemical properties
- differ by a CH₂ group from the previous member
- Examples
 - The Alkanes
 - $-CH_4$ C_2H_6 C_3H_8 C_4H_{10}

Alkenes

- Also hydrocarbons
- Have at least one double C C bond
- So are Unsaturated hydrocarbons
- General Formula is C_nH_{2n}

Saturated versus Unsaturated

- Saturated contains all single C C bonds
- Unsaturated contains at least one double or triple C – C bond

Alkanes

- CH₄ Methane
- C_2H_6 Ethane
- C_3H_8 Propane
- C_4H_{10} Butane
- C_5H_{12} Pentane
- C_6H_{14} Hexane
- C_7H_{16} Heptane
- C_8H_{18} Octane
- C_9H_{20} Nonane
- $C_{10}H_{22}$ Decane

Alkenes.

- •
- C_2H_4 Ethene
- C_3H_6 Propene
- C_4H_8 Butene
- C_5H_{10} Pentene
- C_6H_{12} Hexene
- C_7H_{14} Heptene
- C_8H_{16} Octene
- C_9H_{18} Nonene
- $C_{10}H_{20}$ Decene

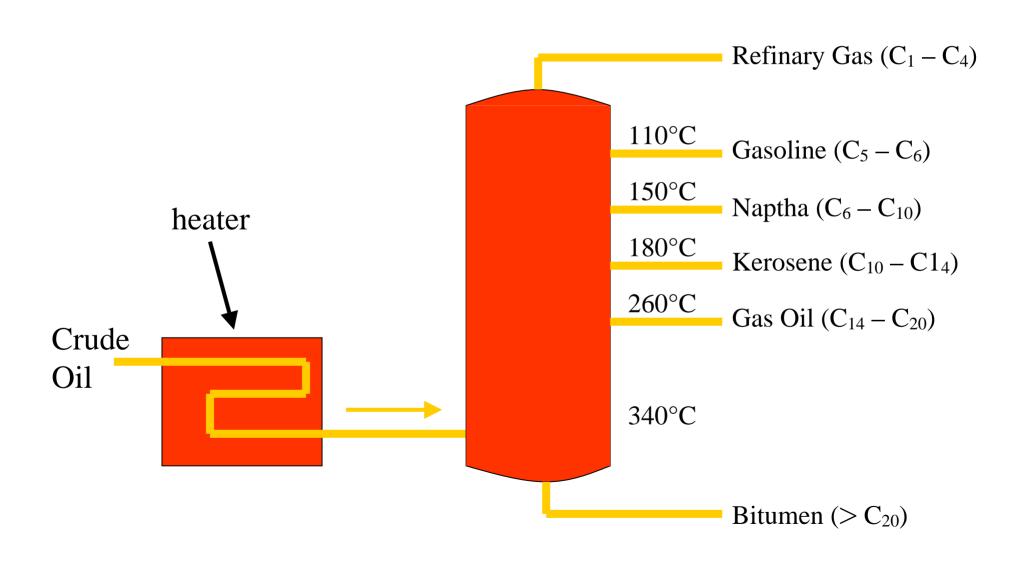
Production of ethene from crude oil

- Two main steps
 - 1. Fractional Distillation
 - 2. Cracking

Fractional Distillation

- Separation of components in crude oil
- Takes place in a fractionating tower
- Oil is separated into several fractions
- Each hydrocarbon in a fraction has a similar boiling temperature

Fractional Distillation



Fractional Distillation

- The bigger the hydrocarbon molecule, the higher it's boiling temperature
- Due to the dispersion forces holding the molecules together being larger as the molecule gets larger

Cracking process

- Two types
 - 1. Thermal

Produces unsaturated hydrocarbons such as ethene, used in petrochemical

2. Catalytic

To increase amount of lighter fractions recovered from crude oil

Thermal Cracking

• Typically involves an Alkane being converted to an Alkene

$$C_2H_{6(g)} \Longrightarrow C_2H_{4(g)} + H_{2(g)}$$
 ? $H = +138kJ \text{ mol } ^{-1}$
 $C_3H_{8(g)} \Longrightarrow C_2H_{4(g)} + CH_{4(g)}$? $H = +81kJ \text{ mol } ^{-1}$

Catalytic Cracking

- Typically involves a larger molecule being broken into smaller molecules
- This cannot involve high temperatures as these molecules would decompose
- Zeolite is used as the catalyst
- $C_{29}H_{60(g)} \rightarrow C_8H_{18(g)} + C_8H_{18(g)} + C_{13}H_{26(g)}$

Desulfurisation

- Is removal of sulfur compounds from crude oil
- Sulfur needs to be removed so as to
 - Minimise emissions of SO2
 - Prevent poisoning of catalysts
 - Manufacture sulfuric acid

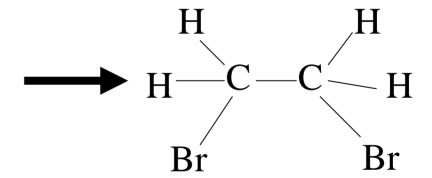
Properties of Ethene

- Unsaturated
- Non polar molecule
- Insoluble in water (and other polar solvents)
- A flammable gas
- Participates in Addition reactions
 - (test of unsaturation)

Properties of Ethene

- Polymerises to form Polyethene
- Very low BP $(-104^{\circ}C)$
- Double bond makes it very reactive

$$H$$
 $C = C$
 H
 H
 H



Production of Ethanol from Ethene

Addition of steam using a catalyst

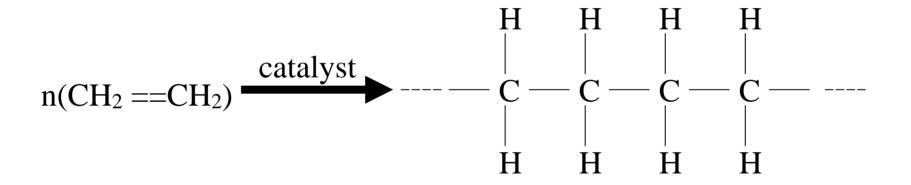
$$C_2H_4 + H_2O \xrightarrow[300^{\circ} C]{H_3PO_4} C_2H_5OH$$

Production of Ethanol

- Fermentation of sugar is still used to make alcoholic beverages which is ethanol
- Ethene method is used for ethanol for industrial purposes like solvents in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals and inks

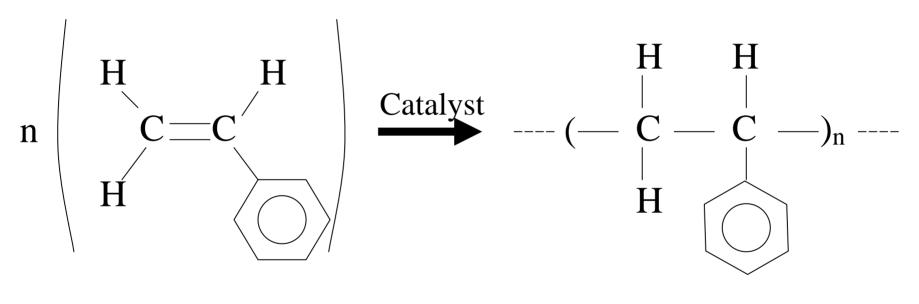
Production of Polyethene

A type of addition reaction



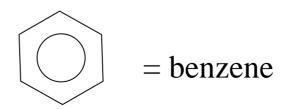
$$-(CH_2 - CH_2) -$$
 polyethene

Production of Polystyrene

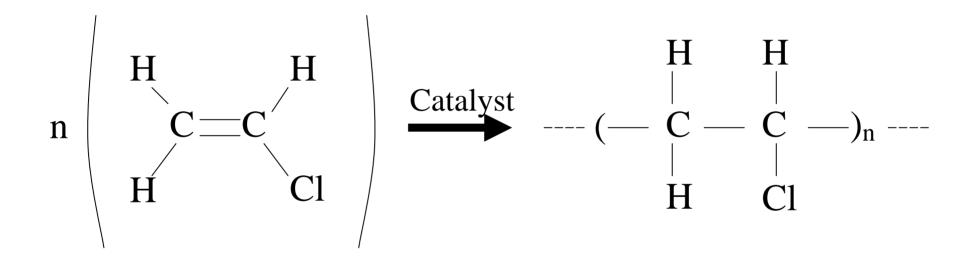


Styrene

Polystyrene



Production of Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)



Vinyl Chloride

PolyVinyl Chloride

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